Temporary Fencing – Instructions for Use



SAFETY FIRST

If you are collecting the equipment for someone else please make sure this sheet is given to the equipment user to read. This sheet should be given to the site supervisor if the equipment is being hired for commercial use so that the information is available to all users. Before starting any job, be sure to spend a few minutes planning and understanding the hazards and risks of the activity and determining how you will control them to prevent injury or damage.



Required Safety Equipment



CAUTION: The fencing components are heavy. Know your limits. Panels should be lifted by two people.

Transporting, Delivery and Storage

- Always ensure the load is securely tied down
- Be aware of pinch points when stacking fence panels
- No more than 37 panels can be stored on a stillage
- Panels should be stored in a flat (horizontal) position

Erecting Temporary Fencing

- Place **temporary fence blocks at panel** intervals (2.7m), perpendicular to the fence line.

CAUTION: Panels weigh approximately 38kg. Panels should be carried and handled by two people

- When placing the panel into the fence block ensure that the post is placed into the bottom of the hole
- Fencing must be installed on firm and level ground.
 Panels may be installed to a maximum of three degrees out of plumb before additional bracing will be required
- Clamps must be fitted to the top posts and should be fixed from the inside of the site so that they cannot be removed. These must be tightened securely.

- To ensure maximum strength and stability, all panels must be clamped together
- When installing a gate, ensure the gate swings into the site and moves freely
- Overlapped panels must be in the middle of a fence not at the ends
- Clamps or tie wire must be used to secure overlapped panels
- Stays must be fitted every eight panels or more frequently should the specific site conditions require it.
- Stays must be fitted with two clamps and a minimum of one fence block (up to three are possible should the installation require it)
- Installing an awning will negatively affect the fence's wind stability
- Damaged panels must not be used
- Fences must be regularly inspected (dependent on the nature of the site activities and weather conditions) to ensure they safe and secure

Lifting a Temporary Fence Block

- Place one foot beside the temporary fence block
- Bend both knees placing the hand inside the forward foot
- Place the hands on either side of the temporary fence block and lift the temporary fence block up on a 45° angle, then proceed to lift block lift using the legs

CAUTION: Fence blocks weigh approx. 27kg

- Ensure the lift is done smoothly
- Once lifted, place the temporary fence block in the horizontal position and keep the temporary fence block close to the body

CAUTION: The use of Scrim

- The adding of scrim may cause the fencing to become unstable in high winds. This is a potential Health & Safety issue. We encourage regular breaks in the scrim to allow for air flow.
- Damages caused by incorrect use is customer responsibility.

Fence panels are not load-bearing and should be used for no purpose other than fencing. They are not suitable for covering excavations, holes or penetrations.